

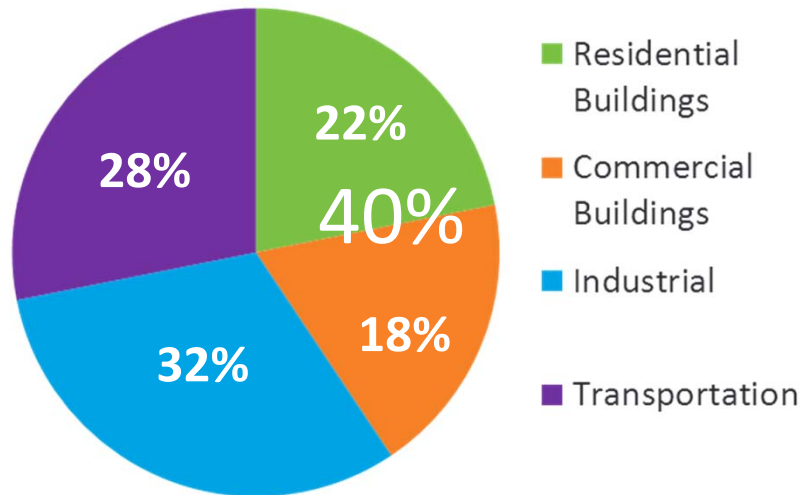
Policy Supporting Energy Efficiency and Heat Pump Technology

Antonio M. Bouza, DOE/BTP
Technology Development Manager

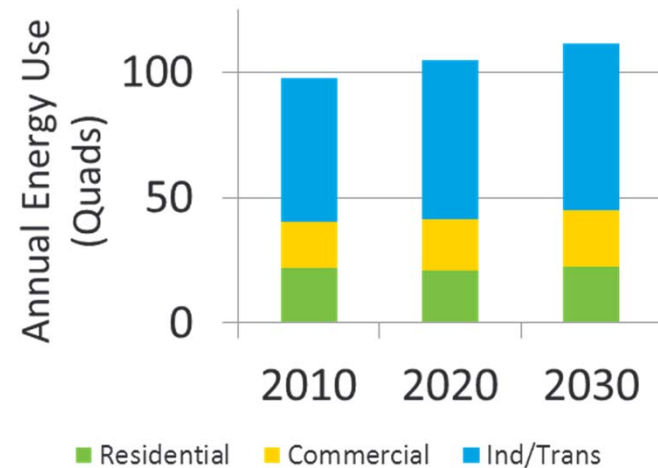
May 23, 2012

The U.S. Energy Big Picture...

U.S. Primary Energy Consumption



Total U.S. Energy Consumption

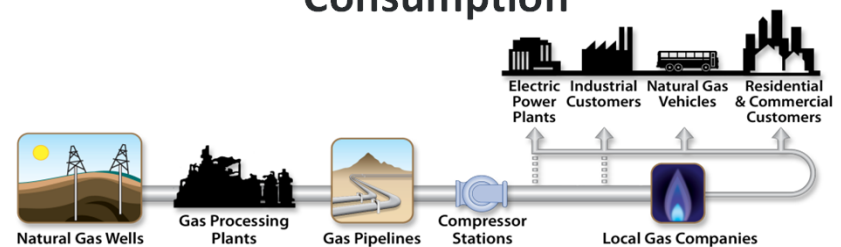


Quad = 1.055 exajoule (EJ)

Buildings represent 73% of U.S. Electricity Consumption

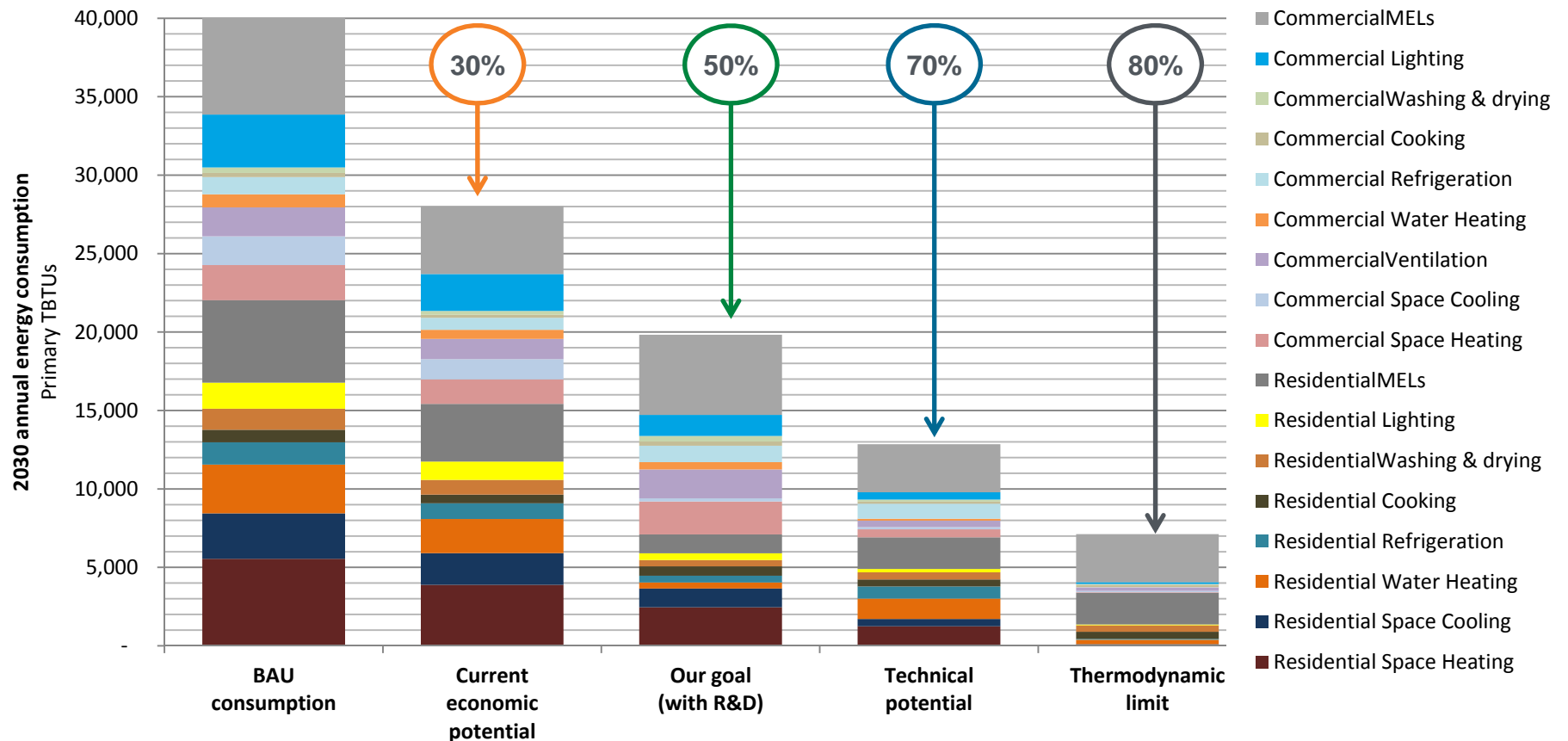


and 55% of U.S. Natural Gas Consumption



DOE Building Technologies Program (BTP) Pursues an Overarching Goal

Reduce Building-Related Energy Use 50% by 2030



Source: BTP Prioritization tool, NAS, McKinsey.

The Building Technologies Program (BTP) uses an Integrated Approach to Deliver Savings

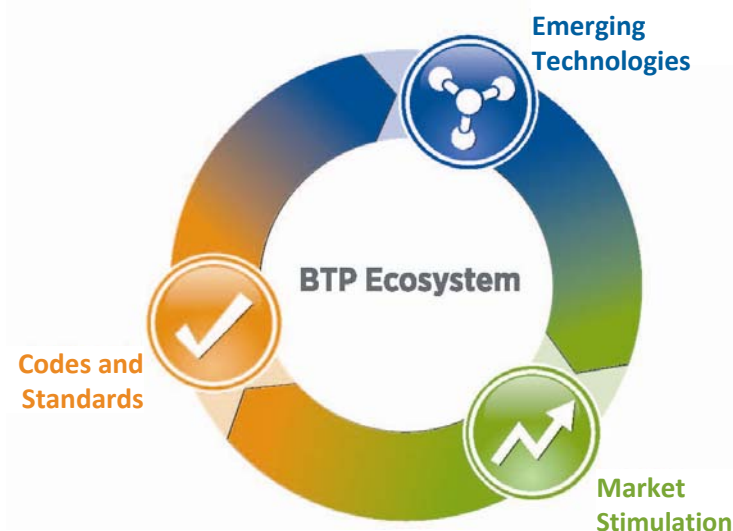
Research & Development

- Develop technology roadmaps
- Prioritize opportunities for DOE
- Solicit and select innovative technology solutions
- Collaborate with researchers and market performers
- Solve technical barriers and test innovations to prove effectiveness
- Measure and validate energy savings



Market Stimulation

- Identify barriers to “speed and scale” adoption
- Develops solutions to policy, adoption, and financial barriers
 - Collaborate with industry partners to improve market adoption
 - Increase usage of products and services
 - Communicate the importance and value of energy efficiency
 - Provide technical assistance
 - Support development of workforce training and certification



Codes and Standards

- Establish minimum energy use in a transparent public process- raise the efficiency bar
- Protect consumer interests
- Reduce market confusion
- Enhance industry competitiveness and profitability
- Expand portfolio of energy efficient appliances and equipment



Overview of United States Building Efficiency Policies and Programs

- **New Buildings**
 - Mandatory state and local codes, plus labels, design, technology, information
- **New Appliances and Equipment**
 - Mandatory efficiency performance standards (MEPS), plus labels, technology, incentives, information
- **Existing Residential Buildings**
 - Audits/information, labels, incentives/grants, financing, technology
- **Existing Commercial Buildings**
 - Audits/information, labels, incentives/grants, financing, technology

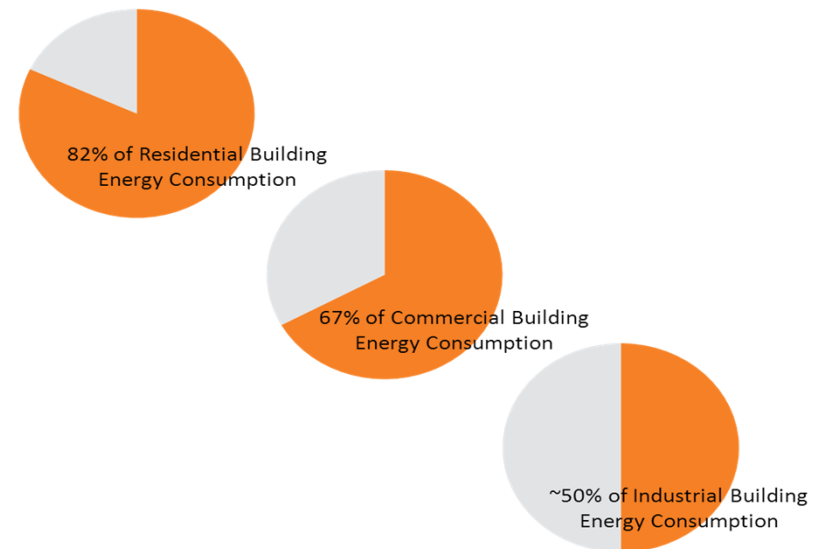
- Mandatory efficiency performance standards (MEPS)
- Working with Industry to Drive Innovation (non R&D)
- Advanced Energy Design Guides
 - Offer designers and contractors the tools needed for achieving energy savings over minimum requirements of Standard 90.1-2004
- Home Labels: Home Energy Score Tool
- Incentives/grants/rebates
 - Better Buildings Neighborhood Program
 - State Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program (SEEARP)

Appliance Standards and Test Procedures is DOE's Most Effective Energy Saving Program

- Energy saved since first 1987 standards = construction of ~31 power plants avoided or the amount of electricity consumed annually by Spain
- 1988 – 2006 standards est. cumulative energy savings = **39 quads by 2020** and **63 quads by 2030**
- Cumulative consumer benefit*:
 - \$64 billion at the end of 2005
 - \$150 billion as of 2010
 - \$241 billion by 2030
 - \$269 billion by 2045
- Annual carbon savings will reach 38 million tons by 2020
- Cumulative carbon savings by 2045 is estimated at 1,200 million tons

Quad = 1.055 exajoule (EJ)

- <\$650 in net savings for every federal dollar spent
 - Consumers and businesses are saving \$15 billion a year as of 2010 and this is expected to nearly double by 2025
- Over 50 products covered:



*Net present value

Energy Conservation Standards for Residential Furnaces and Residential Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps

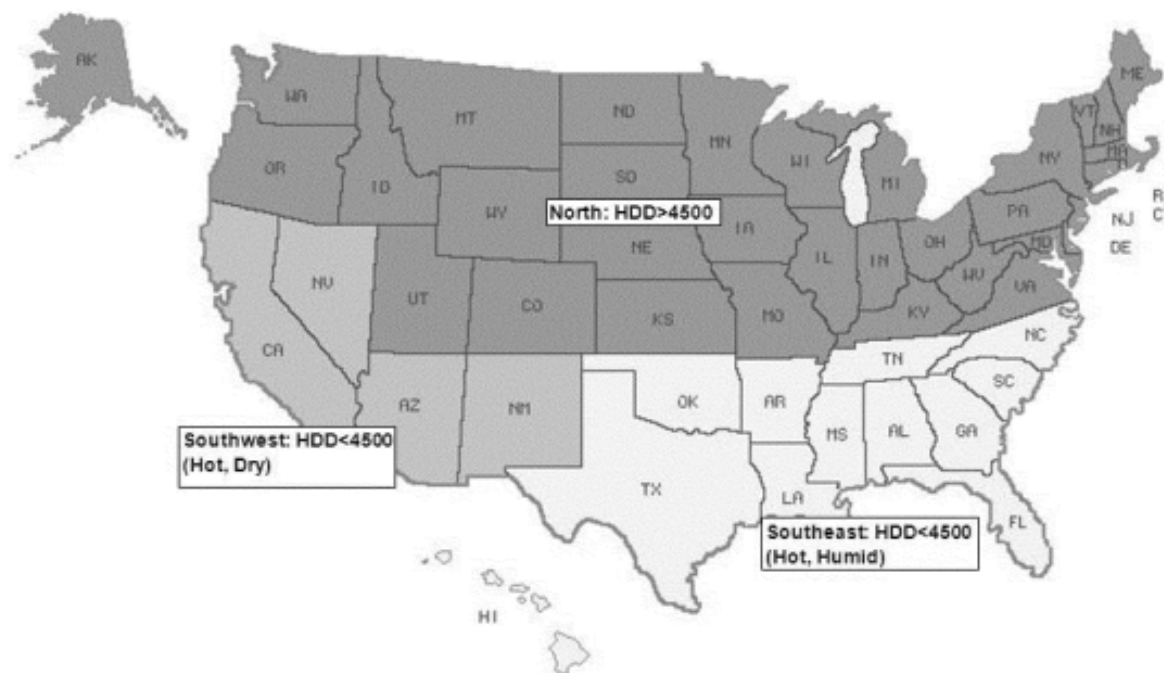


Figure III.2 Map of Preliminary Analysis Proposed Regions for Central Air Conditioner and Heat Pump Standards

Heat Pumps: Starting January 1, 2015, the new minimum efficiency standard for split system heat pumps is 14 SEER and 8.2 HSPF.

Source: <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2011-06-27/pdf/2011-14557.pdf>

HDD: Heating degree days

Energy Conservation Standards for Residential Furnaces and Residential Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps



Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

TABLE I.1—AMENDED ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR FURNACE, CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONER, AND HEAT PUMP ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Product class	National standards	Northern Region ** standards	
Residential Furnaces *			
Non-weatherized gas	AFUE = 80%	AFUE = 90%.	
Mobile home gas	AFUE = 80%	AFUE = 90%.	
Non-weatherized oil-fired	AFUE = 83%	AFUE = 83%.	
Weatherized gas	AFUE = 81%	AFUE = 81%.	
Mobile home oil-fired ††	AFUE = 75%	AFUE = 75%.	
Weatherized oil-fired ††	AFUE = 78%	AFUE = 78%.	
Electric ††	AFUE = 78%	AFUE = 78%.	
Product class	National standards	Southeastern Region †† standards	Southwestern Region † standards
Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps †			
Split-system air conditioners	SEER = 13	SEER = 14	SEER = 14. EER = 12.2 (for units with a rated cooling capacity less than 45,000 Btu/h). EER = 11.7 (for units with a rated cooling capacity equal to or greater than 45,000 Btu/h).
Split-system heat pumps	SEER = 14	SEER = 14	SEER = 14.
Single-package air conditioners ††	HSPF = 8.2	HSPF = 8.2	HSPF = 8.2.
Single-package heat pumps	SEER = 14	SEER = 14	SEER = 14. EER = 11.0.
Small-duct, high-velocity systems	SEER = 14	SEER = 14	SEER = 14.
Space-constrained products—air conditioners ††	HSPF = 8.0	HSPF = 8.0	HSPF = 8.0.
Space-constrained products—heat pumps ††	SEER = 13	SEER = 13	SEER = 13.
	HSPF = 7.7	HSPF = 7.7	HSPF = 7.7.
	SEER = 12	SEER = 12	SEER = 12.
	SEER = 12	SEER = 12	SEER = 12.
	HSPF = 7.4	HSPF = 7.4	HSPF = 7.4.

* AFUE is annual fuel utilization efficiency.

** The Northern region for furnaces contains the following States: Alaska, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

Future: Cold Climate Heat Pumps....

Source: <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2011-06-27/pdf/2011-14557.pdf>

Commercial Building Energy Alliance (CBEA) HVAC Roof Top Unit (RTU) Challenge

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

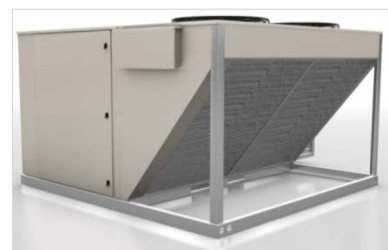
Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy

Working with Industry to Drive Innovation: The RTU Challenge

- Package units like RTUs use ~ 50% of the cooling energy in commercial buildings
- ~40,000 ten ton RTUs sold/year in the U.S.
- Challenge U.S. manufacturers to build and deliver innovative, competitively priced, energy-saving RTUs that meet high-performance specifications:
 - Efficiency from baseline 11.0 EER to 18 IEER
 - Decrease air flow by specifying variable over constant air volume
 - Increase fan efficiency from 45% to at least 60% with variable volume or multi-stage operation capability



Carrier
A United Technologies Company



50% Advanced Energy Design Guides Series

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY | Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy

Two AEDG series:

- 30% energy savings
- **50% energy savings**



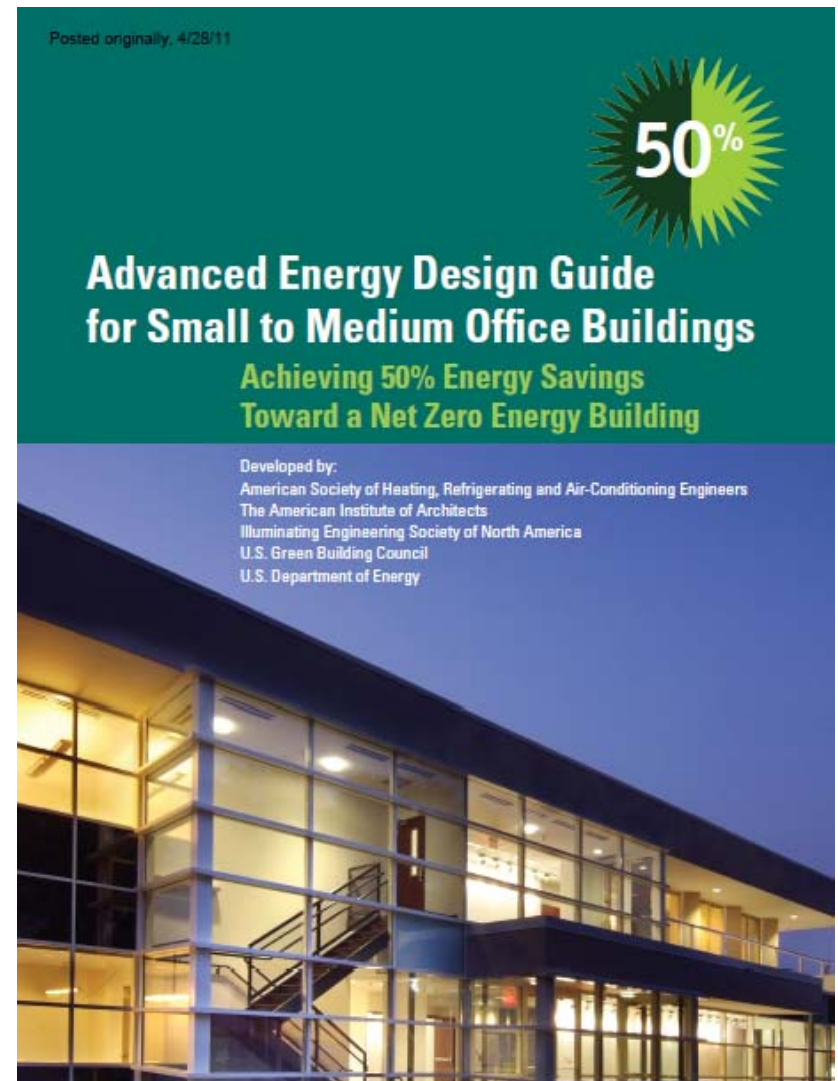
50% energy savings over *ASHRAE Standard 90.1—2004*

50% AEDG Building Types:

1. Small to Medium Office Buildings
2. K-12 Schools
3. Medium to Big Box Retail
4. Large Hospitals

Free download:

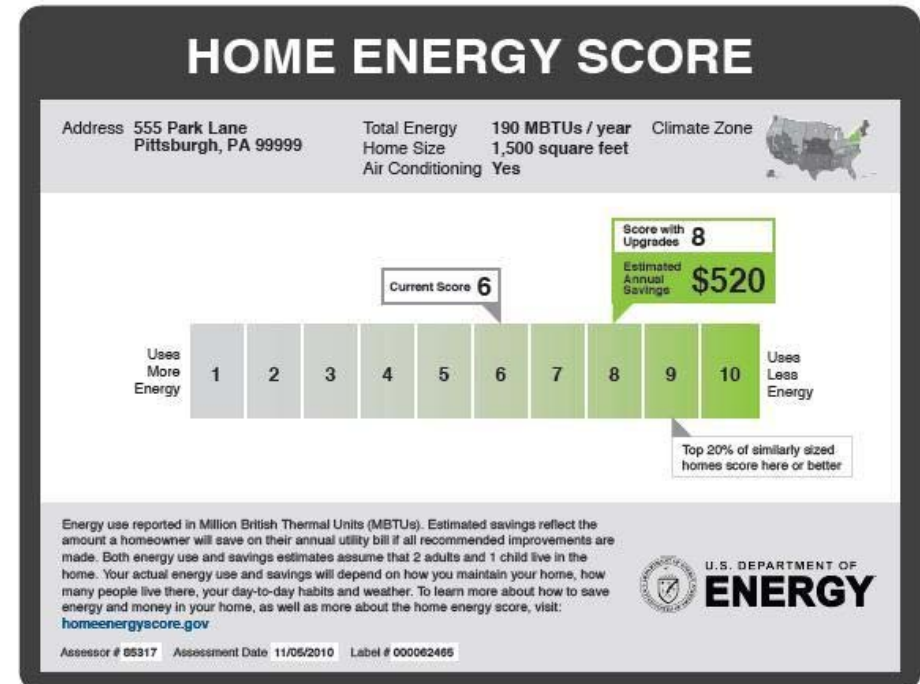
www.ashrae.org/technology/page/938



Home Energy Score Provides Accessible Information to Homeowners

A Reliable, Easy to Understand Tool

- DOE is testing the program through 10 pilots across the U.S.
- Specific interest in assessing the following:
 - Efficacy of the scoring tool and methodology
 - Homeowner understanding and response
 - Assessor feedback
- Based on findings, DOE will refine the tool and the program



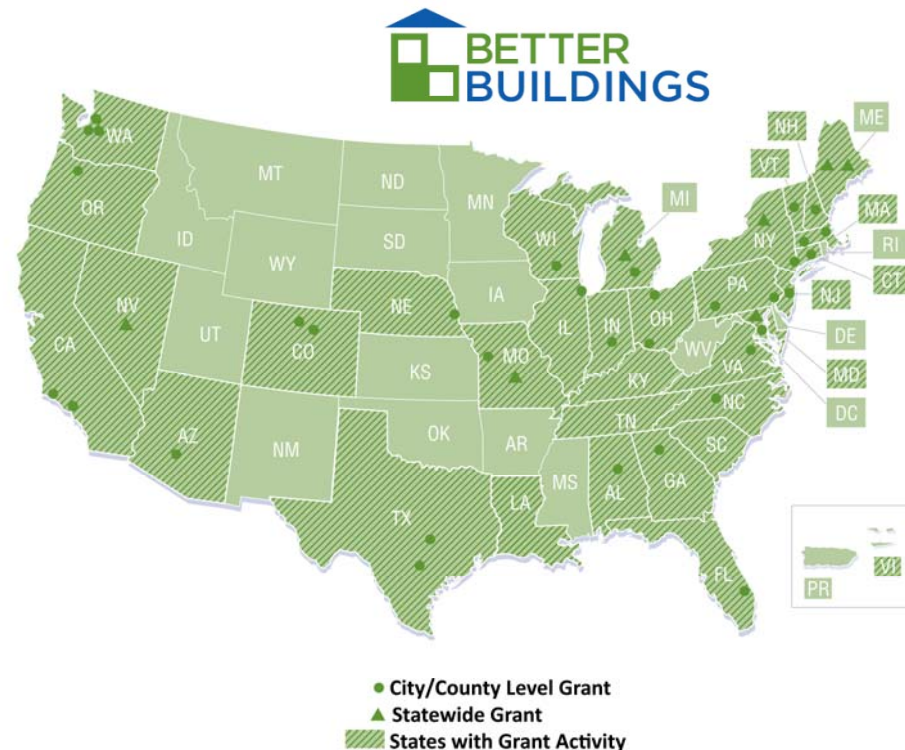
Better Buildings Neighborhood Program

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy

Goals

- Retrofitting 150,000 buildings (residential and commercial)
- Using over \$500 million in grants to leverage over \$3 billion in additional resources
- Creating or retaining approximately 30,000 jobs
- Reducing the cost of retrofit program delivery by 20% or more
- Achieving 15-30% energy savings from energy efficiency upgrades
- Saving consumers approximately \$65 million per year on energy bills
- Developing sustainable energy efficiency retrofit programs.



Accomplishments

- Thousands of building efficiency upgrades have already been completed through the Better Buildings program

The State Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program (SEEARP) Impact

Created under the Energy Policy Act of 2005 and received funding through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) in February 2009: ***\$300 million in funding, 1.6 million rebates issued***

